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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/774,579	02/09/2004	Igor Y. Botvinnik	SHPR-01436US0	9762	
29190 7	7590 08/26/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BELL, BOYD & LLOYD LLC			CHIESA, RICHARD L		
P.O. BOX 1135 CHICAGO, IL 60690-1135			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
·			1724		
			DATE MAILED: 08/26/2005	DATE MAILED: 08/26/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

a. p		Gr	1	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/774,579	BOTVINNIK, IGOR Y.	BOTVINNIK, IGOR Y.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Richard L. Chiesa	1724		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence addres	SS	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reproventing the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI cause the application to become ABA	ly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this commuNDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	inication.	
Status			·	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Ju	ly 2005.			
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	action is non-final.		•	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	rs, prosecution as to the me	erits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-81 is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>21-81</u> is/are withdraw	n from consideration.		•	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			•	
6) Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.		•		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	and a street and a street and a			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	•		
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 July 2005</u> is/are: a)[
Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	•	•	• •	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached (Office Action of form P1O-1	52.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
. 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).		
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		olication No.		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	<u> </u>	ge	
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not re	eceived.		
		•		
Attachment(s)	∴ □			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date		
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>Feb. 9, 2004</u> .		ormal Patent Application (PTO-152	:)	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of species A (Figures 2A and 2B) in the reply filed on

July 27, 2005 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the grounds that the applicant is being forced

to prosecute a single independent claim and a single embodiment. This is not found persuasive

because the examiner merely required an election of one of the ten patentably distinct species as

noted in paragraph 3 on pages 2 and 3 of the first Office action (dated June 27, 2005). The

applicant has also apparently argued that all of the elected claims 1-20 are generic to all of the

species. In order to expedite prosecution the examiner will examine all of the elected claims 1-

20.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

2. Claims 21-81 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as

being drawn to nonelected species. Applicant timely traversed the election requirement in the

reply filed on July 27, 2005.

Drawings

3. The corrected Figure 1A and 1B drawings were received on July 27, 2005. These

drawings are accepted by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on

Page 3

sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 1, 4, 6-12, 14, 17, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or,

in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over either one of U.S. Patent Nos.

2,978,066 (Nodolf) or 4,264,343 (Natarajan et al). Each one of Nodolf (note ref. num. 10-15, 20,

23, 24, Figs. 1-3, and col. 1, line 51 to col. 2, line 72) and Natarajan et al (note ref. num. 19-23,

Figs. 4, 7, 8, 16, col. 3, line 51 to col. 9, line 12, and col. 12, line 49 to col. 13, line 11) shows an

electrostatic precipitator with corona discharge electrodes, at least one pair of collector

electrodes, and insulated driver electrodes as claimed (35 USC 102b). It would appear that both

Nodolf and Natarajan et al do not explicitly refer to the electrodes between the collector

electrodes as driver electrodes. However, both Nodolf and Natarajan et al disclose that these

electrodes assist in directing particulates to the collector electrodes. This of course is the well-

known function of driver electrodes in the electrostatic precipitator art as even defined by

applicants in the admitted prior art on pages 1-3 of the specification. Therefore, it is inherent or

at least would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art (35 USC 103a) that the

electrodes located between the collector electrodes in both the Nodolf and Natarajan et al

electrostatic precipitators are indeed driver electrodes.

7. Claims 2, 3, and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either

one of Nodolf or Natarajan et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,993,738 (Goswani). Each one of

Nodolf and Natarajan et al, as described above in paragraph 6, discloses an electrostatic

precipitator substantially as claimed. It would appear that neither one of Nodolf or Natarajan et

al discloses the use of a fan. However, Goswani (note ref. num. 48, Fig. 5) teaches the well-

known use of a fan in an electrostatic precipitator for the purpose of producing a stand-alone unit

(note col. 6, lines 9-31). Consequently, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

art to employ a fan in either the Nodolf or Natarajan et al electrostatic precipitators in order to

facilitate stand-alone utilization as taught by Goswani.

8. Claims 13, 15, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

either one of Nodolf or Natarajan et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,042,637 (Weinberg). Each

one of Nodolf and Natarajan et al, as described above in paragraph 6, discloses an electrostatic

precipitator substantially as claimed with the apparent exception of a non-electrically conductive

ozone reducing catalyst. In any case, Weinberg (note col. 3, line 65 to col. 4, line 3) teaches the

use of a non-electrically conductive manganese dioxide ozone reduction catalyst in an

electrostatic precipitator for the purpose of producing a safer environment. For this same reason

Application/Control Number: 10/774,579

Art Unit: 1724

it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ such a catalyst in either

Page 5

one of the Nodolf or Natarajan et al electrostatic precipitators.

9. Claims 18 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either

one of Nodolf or Natarajan et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,176,977 (Taylor et al). Each one of

Nodolf and Natarajan et al, as described above in paragraph 6, discloses an electrostatic

precipitator substantially as claimed with the possible exception of wire-shaped driver electrodes.

Taylor et al teach the use of wire-shaped driver electrodes (note ref. num. 242, Figs. 4G, 4H) in

the collection region of an electrostatic precipitator for the purpose of ensuring symmetrical

electric fields (note col. 10, lines 26-38) and for this same reason it would have been obvious to

one having ordinary skill in the art to employ such an expedient in either one of the Nodolf or

Natarajan et al electrostatic precipitators.

Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. These references have been cited as art of interest to show other electrical fluid

separation systems.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Richard L. Chiesa whose telephone number is (571) 272-1154.

initial should be directed to rectain 2. Cinesa whose telephone named is (3/1) 2/2 1134.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Duane S. Smith, can be reached at (571) 272-1166.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to the Technology Center 1700 receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-0987.

Facsimile correspondence must be transmitted through (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Richard L. Chiesa August 23, 2005

Richard L. Chiesa RICHARD L. CHIESA

PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 1724

August 23, 2005